

AI VIRTUAL KEYBOARD FOR TYPING

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ABSTRACT

The technologies is moving forward and it goes beyond the human thinking. Technology based navigation is used and it is used in such a way to provide user comfortability and providing communication at the same time saving their information. Human has changed their surroundings along with their way of living so that they can meet the needs. In this way the hand gestures information provides users another way to interact with humans and machines. That's the reason why people wants the character input system to use virtual keyboard as hand analysis. The experimental results show that the function of gesture recognition is the best. Their are many virtual gesture keyboards which are available, and the keyboard based on artificial intelligence is more responsive as compared to the another virtual keyboards out there. The virtual keyboard using artificial intelligence has major difference that it can reduce the complexity of the system which means that the complications can be reduced and it makes this easier to work with. With the help of Artificial intelligence, the virtual keyboard is getting advance. The project was built using python and OpenCV and using libraries like mediapipe. By integrating OpenCV and MediaPipe libraries, the system ensures precise recognition of hand gestures, allowing users to input characters and execute commands through predefined hand movements. The Project takes help of python and OpenCV and Using Libraries like Mediapipe and CV Zone.

Keywords – Virtual Keyboard ,OpenCV, Mediapipe

INTRODUCTION

In today's digital age, there is a growing demand for more intuitive and efficient human-computer interaction systems. A significant advancement in this field is the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) with virtual keyboard technology, enabling users to input text and commands without the need for physical keyboards. This innovation harnesses the capabilities of computer vision and machine learning to create a seamless and interactive user experience. The AI-powered virtual keyboard is a groundbreaking development in the realm of human-computer interaction. It allows users to interact with digital interfaces using hand gestures and movements. By leveraging computer vision, the system can accurately track and interpret users' hand motions in real-time, enabling the input of text and commands without physical key presses. The incorporation of AI technology, specifically through the use of deep learning algorithms, enhances the system's capacity to comprehend and respond to various hand gestures. This results in a more natural and intuitive interaction with the virtual keyboard. This technology has the potential to transform the way users engage with digital devices, providing a more convenient and accessible means of inputting information and executing commands. Furthermore, AI-powered virtual keyboards have applications beyond conventional computing devices. They find utility in interactive displays, augmented reality environments, and assistive technology which are designed for individuals with the physical disability or disabilities . The introduction of AI into virtual keyboards represents a significant stride in creating more user-friendly and inclusive interfaces, with the potential to shape the future of human-computer interaction A virtual keyboard is a digital interface that permits users to input text and commands without relying on a physical keyboard. It commonly appears on electronic screens, such as computer monitors, smartphones, or tablets, and supports multiple input techniques, including touch, gestures, or stylus-based interactions. Serving as a substitute for conventional physical keyboards, virtual keyboards prove particularly advantageous in situations where the use of tangible input devices is challenging or not possible. The advantages of virtual keyboard is its portability, the virtual keyboard are highly portable as they are used in a wide range of devices , including the latest smartphones , tablets , laptops , and other portable electronic devices and because of its portability it enables user to access and use the virtual keyboard. The another advantage of the Virtual Keyboard is , It is customizable , customize in a way that it can accommodate different languages along with the layout ,nowadays layout also plays the major role and it allow user to personalize their typing experience and with all the customization user wants to do it will make the virtual keyboard more useful to user . The another Advantage is Hygiene,

Virtual keyboards eliminate the need for physical contact, which can be beneficial in environments where maintaining the hygiene is an essential work. They reduce the risk of germs and bacteria, making them more clean particularly in shared or public spaces.

METHODOLOGY

Building a virtual keyboard with OpenCV and MediaPipe involves the integration of various computer vision techniques. The step-by-step methodology are

1. Environment setup: Begin by installing necessary libraries like OpenCV and MediaPipe and ensuring that the camera and other hardware components are configured correctly.
2. Capture video input: Utilize OpenCV to capture video input from the connected camera, enabling the analysis of hand movements.
3. Hand detection and tracking: Employ the MediaPipe framework for robust hand tracking by utilizing pre-trained models such as MediaPipe Hands to detect and monitor hand positions in real-time.
4. Gesture recognition: Develop a system that can recognize specific hand gestures associated with different keys on the virtual keyboard, allowing users to input characters or commands through hand movements.
5. Display virtual keyboard: Create a responsive graphical interface to exhibit the virtual keyboard on the screen, ensuring adaptability to various screen sizes and resolutions.
6. Map gestures to keyboard actions: Establish an intuitive mapping between recognized hand gestures and corresponding keyboard actions or characters to facilitate user interaction with the virtual keyboard.
7. Real-time feedback and visualization: Provide users with real-time visual feedback, including cues such as highlighted keys and displayed recognized gestures, to enhance the interactive experience.
8. Text input integration: Integrate the virtual keyboard seamlessly with text input functionalities, enabling users to input text or commands directly into active text fields or applications.

9. Thorough testing and optimization: Conduct comprehensive testing to ensure system accuracy and reliability, fine-tuning parameters, enhancing gesture recognition accuracy, and optimizing overall user experience.

10. User interface improvements: Implement additional enhancements such as customizable themes, interactive visual effects, and user preferences to augment the usability and appeal of VirtualKeyboard Application.

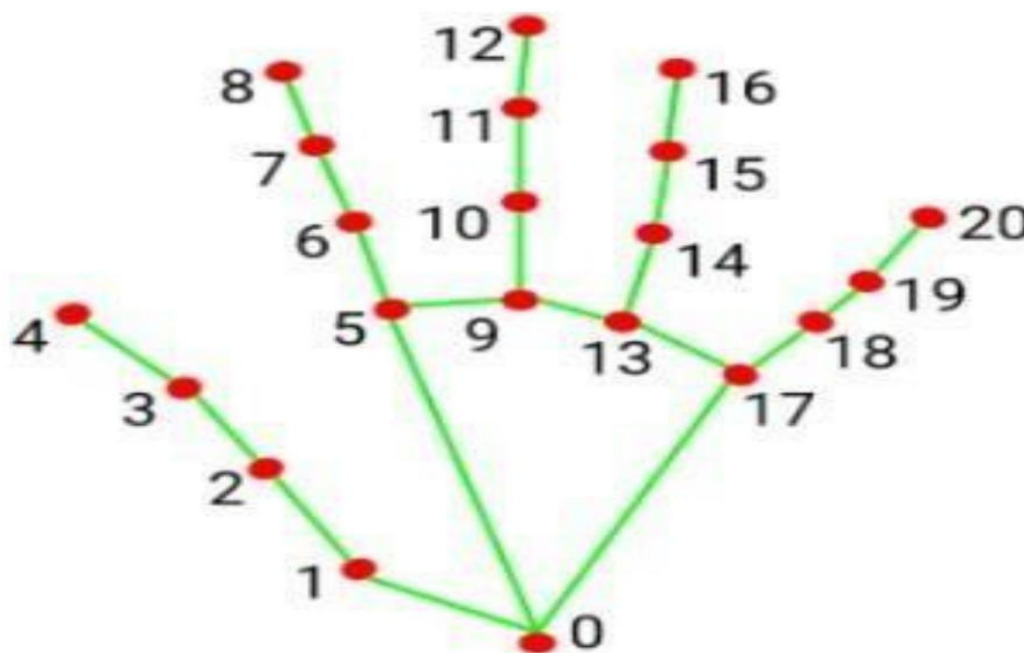


Figure : Hand Detection Points

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 0. WRIST | 11. MIDDLE_FINGER_DIP |
| 1. THUMB_CMC | 12. MIDDLE_FINGER_TIP |
| 2. THUMB_MCP | 13. RING_FINGER_MCP |
| 3. THUMB_IP | 14. RING_FINGER_PIP |
| 4. THUMB_TIP | 15. RING_FINGER_DIP |
| 5. INDEX_FINGER_MCP | 16. RING_FINGER_TIP |
| 6. INDEX_FINGER_PIP | 17. PINKY_MCP |
| 7. INDEX_FINGER_DIP | 18. PINKY_PIP |
| 8. INDEX_FINGER_TIP | 19. PINKY_DIP |
| 9. MIDDLE_FINGER_MCP | 20. PINKY_TIP |
| 10. MIDDLE_FINGER_PIP | |

For example we can consider the above diagram, For the accurate detection and tracking of hand movements, and their subsequent conversion into virtual keystrokes, the system utilizes Mediapipe's hand tracking and landmark estimation models, along with an integrated hand Gestures Recognizing Algorithm.

FUTURE SCOPE

The potential future advancements and applications of virtual keyboards using AI, OpenCV, and MediaPipe are promising and wide-ranging, and includes Improved recognition of gestures as Progress in AI algorithms can result in enhanced precision in identifying intricate hand gestures, enabling more accurate and subtle interactions with virtual keyboards. Users interface with designs which are intuitive., Incorporating AI can aid in the development of more instinctive and user-friendly interfaces, facilitating seamless interactions with virtual keyboards through gestures and the movements.Support for multiple languages , The AI-driven virtual keyboards can potentially integrate advanced language processing capabilities, allowing for the incorporation of various languages and dialects, thereby catering to a diverse global user base. Commands based on gestures , The AI integration can enable the implementation of sophisticated commands based on gestures, empowering users to carry out complex actions and tasks beyond mere text input, thereby enhancing the versatility and functionality of virtual keyboards.Customization and adaptive learning in which AI-powered virtual keyboards can incorporate adaptive learning algorithms to personalize the user experience, adapting to individual typing styles, preferences, and usage patterns, thereby enhancing overall user comfort and efficiency. Features for enhanced accessibility , after this enhancement future advancements could focus on integrating AI-powered accessibility features into virtual keyboards, ensuring improved accessibility for users with physical impairments or disabilities, thereby promoting inclusivity and accessibility in the realm of technology.Integration across multiple platforms enables future developments which may emphasize enabling smooth integration of AI-driven virtual keyboards across various platforms and devices, ensuring uniform and consistent user experiences across different digital interfaces and applications. This concludes the future of virtual keyboards incorporating AI, OpenCV, and MediaPipe exhibits solid potential for advancing user interactions, accessibility, security, and overall usability, thereby transforming the way users engage with digital devices and applications.

CV ZONE

In the domain of virtual keyboards, the term "CV zone" commonly refers to the Computer Vision zone, which employs computer vision techniques to enhance the functionalities and user interactions of the virtual keyboard. Here is a comprehensive explanation of the CV zone in the context of a virtual keyboard:

1. **Gesture recognition and tracking:**The CV zone in a virtual keyboard entails the implementation of advanced computer vision algorithms to accurately recognize and track hand gestures and movements. This process enables the system to interpret and respond to various hand motions as input for the virtual keyboard.
2. **Hand pose estimation:**Computer vision techniques are employed to estimate the precise positioning and configuration of the user's hands within the interaction space. This facilitates the accurate mapping of hand movements to specific keys or commands on the virtual keyboard, ensuring a smooth and intuitive typing experience.
3. **Real-time image processing:**The CV zone integrates real-time image processing capabilities to capture, analyze, and interpret video input from the camera. This involves tasks such as edge detection, feature extraction, and image segmentation, enabling the system to identify and differentiate hand movements and gestures with high precision and responsiveness.
4. **Feature extraction for gesture mapping:** Advanced computer vision techniques are utilized to extract pertinent features from the captured hand gestures. The features which are searched are the crucial inputs for mapping specific gestures to corresponding keyboard actions or characters, ensuring accurate and reliable translation of user gestures into meaningful inputs on the virtual keyboard.
5. **Integration of machine learning:** The CV zone leverages machine learning algorithms to continuously enhance the accuracy and responsiveness of the virtual keyboard system. This entails training models to recognize and interpret a diverse range of hand gestures, enabling the system to adapt and learn from user interactions, thereby enriching the overall user experience.

6. User feedback and visualization: The CV zone incorporates visual feedback mechanisms to provide real-time visual cues and indicators that reflect the system's interpretation of user gestures. This feedback aids users in understanding and confirming the system's recognition of their input, ensuring a seamless and intuitive typing experience.

7. Effective error handling and correction: Computer vision techniques within the CV zone enable the virtual keyboard to employ robust error handling mechanisms, ensuring dependable and accurate interpretation of user gestures even in challenging environments or varying lighting conditions. This amplifies the overall dependability and performance of the virtual keyboard system.

By integrating the CV zone into the design and development of a virtual keyboard, developers can craft an advanced and user-friendly interface that facilitates seamless and intuitive interactions, thereby enhancing the overall user experience and usability of the virtual keyboard.

MEDIAPIPE

MediaPipe plays a pivotal role in empowering various functionalities and enhancing user interactions within the domain of virtual keyboards.

1. Precise hand tracking and detection: Leveraging MediaPipe's robust hand tracking and detection capabilities, the virtual keyboard accurately monitors and interprets the movements and the position of user hand. This functionality ensures precise and responsive recognition of hand gestures, enabling seamless interaction with the virtual keyboard.

2. Efficient gesture recognition: MediaPipe aids in the identification of specific hand gestures, which are then seamlessly linked to corresponding keyboard actions or characters. This enables users to input text or execute commands effortlessly through intuitive hand movements, enhancing the overall versatility and user-friendliness of the virtual keyboard.

3. Real-time data processing: MediaPipe facilitates real-time processing of data, enabling the virtual keyboard to swiftly capture, analyze, and interpret video input from the camera. This capability ensures the prompt recognition and response to user inputs, resulting in a fluid and responsive typing experience.

4. Seamless integration with OpenCV: MediaPipe seamlessly integrates with OpenCV, harnessing its capabilities for crucial tasks such as image processing, feature extraction, and gesture analysis. This integration significantly enhances the overall efficiency and precision of hand tracking and gesture recognition, contributing to a more intuitive and dependable virtual keyboard experience.

5. Tailored customization and development:MediaPipe provides a customizable platform that enables developers to personalize the hand tracking and gesture recognition functionalities of the virtual keyboard to suit specific user requirements. This allows for implementation of distinctive features and enhancements, catering to a diverse range of user preferences and usage scenarios.

6. Versatility across multiple platforms:With its cross-platform support, MediaPipe enables the deployment of the virtual keyboard across various devices and operating systems. This adaptability ensures seamless access to the virtual keyboard on different platforms, fostering consistent and unified user experiences.By integrating MediaPipe into the development process of a virtual keyboard, developers can harness its advanced capabilities.

CONCLUSION

This research proposes a virtual keyboard that can interpret hand gestures and serve as another version for the physical keyboards which are still used. By utilizing this virtual keyboard, users can input alphabets and perform various functions through gestures. The methodology involves employing the skin segmentation technique to isolate the hand's color and image from the background. Additionally, the "remove arm" technique is used to eliminate the interference of the full body captured by the camera. The proposed approach demonstrates the capability to detect and interpret hand gestures, enabling the control of keyboard functionalities and the creation of a practical user interface. This project can be easily implemented and applied in diverse fields requiring computational input.

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